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The beauty

and character of wood

It is as difficult to adequately describe the natural beauty and character of wood as it is to describe an original painting in oil. In fact, this is more than a passing comparison. A tree and a painting are both originals, and each is the only one of its kind.





VENEER SUMMARY TABLE

FLAT CUT (PLAIN SLICED)

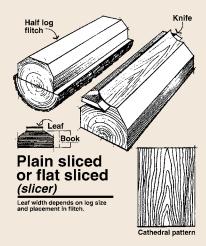
Slicing is done parallel to a line through the center of the log. Cathedral and straight grained patterns result. The individual pieces of veneer are kept in the order they are sliced, permitting a natural grain progression when assembled as veneer faces.

a natural grain progression when	Oak
Species	Plain sliced
Cuda description	
Grade description	A Red
COLOR AND MATCHING	5%
Sapwood	
Heartwood	Yes
Color streaks or spots	Yes
Color variation	Slight
Sharp color contrasts at joints	Yes
TYPE OF MATCHING	C:(-
Book matched	Specify Specify
Continuous matched (transom)	Specify
Slip matched	Yes
Random matched	Specify
Nominal minimum width	Plain sliced
of face components	4" (102 mm)
NATURAL CHARACTERISTICS	4 2 60 6
Small conspicuous burls and pin knots	1 per 2.69 sq. ft.
- Combined average number	(0.25 sq. m)
Conspicuous burls – Maximum size	3/8" (9.5 mm)
Conspicuous pin knots	1 per 2.69 sq. ft.
– Average number	(0.25 sq. m)
– Maximum size: dark part	1/8" (3 mm)
– Maximum size: total	1/4" (6 mm)
Scattered sound and repaired knots	
– Combined average number	No
– Maximum size – Sound	No
– Maximum size – Repaired	No
– Average number – Repaired	No
Mineral streaks	Slight; Blending
Bark pockets	No
Worm tracks	No
Vine marks	Slight
Cross bars	Slight
MANUFACTURING CHARACTERISTICS	
Rough cut	No
Blended repaired tapering	Two 1/16" x 6"
hairline splits	(1.6 mm x 152 mm)
Repairs	Small blending
SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS	
Ray fleck	Slight; Blending
ADAPTED FROM	

ADAPTED FROM HPVA LATEST EDITION.

Plain sliced

Slip and running match



MATCHING BETWEEN INDIVIDUAL PIECES OF VENEER

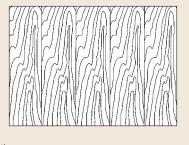
Leaf matching

The way in which the individual cuts are placed next to each other during the fabrication of the veneer face is the next factor affecting the appearance of the doors. The type of match at the joint line must be specified.

Natural variations in the leaves and the progression of the grain pattern across the face are the hallmarks of real wood doors.

SLIP MATCH

Adjoining pieces of veneer are placed in sequence without turning over every other piece. The grain figure repeats, but joints won't show mirrored effect. Slip matching is often used in quarter cut, rift cut and comb grain veneers to minimize the barber pole effect.



ASSEMBLY OF SPLICED VENEER ON A FACE

The type of "assembly match" must be specified to obtain a desired appearance. Any sequence matching from opening to opening must be specified.

RUNNING MATCH

Non-symmetrical appearance in any single door face. Veneer pieces of unequal width. Each face is assembled from as many veneer pieces as necessary.

